

SAFETY DATA SHEET

No. 176

According to WHMIS 2015, in compliance with the Hazardous Product Act (HPA, as amended) and the requirements of the Hazardous Product Regulations (HPR)

1. Identification	
Product identifier	
Product name	No. 176
Product number	L0054-035, L0054-039, L0054-040, L0054-041
Recommended use of the che	emical and restrictions on use
Restriction on use	Lubricating grease.
Uses advised against	No specific uses advised against are identified.
Details of the supplier of the s	afety data sheet
Manufacturer	Lubriplate Lubricants Co. Corporate Headquarters 129 Lockwood Street Newark, NJ 07105 Midwest Office & Plant 1500 Oakdale Ave. Toledo, OH 43605 419-691-2491 419-693-3806
Emergency telephone number	r
Emergency telephone	Chem-Tel: 1-800-255-3924 (US & Canada only) 01-813-248-0585 (Outside US & Canada)
2. Hazard identification	
Classification of the substance	e or mixture
Physical hazards	Not Classified
Health hazards	Carc. 1B - H350
Environmental hazards	Not Classified
Label elements	
Pictogram	
Signal word	Danger
Hazard statements	H350 May cause cancer.

Precautionary statements	 P201 Obtain special instructions before use. P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection. P308+P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention. P405 Store locked up. P501 Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with national regulations.
Contains	Carbon black, Crystalline silica

Other hazards

This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic	5-10%
CAS number: 64742-52-5	
Classification	
Not Classified	
Carbon graphite	5-10%
CAS number: 7782-42-5	
Classification	
Not Classified	
Carbon black	1-5%
CAS number: 1333-86-4	
Classification	
Not Classified	
Crystalline silica	<1%
CAS number: 14808-60-7	
Classification	
Carc. 1B - H350	
STOT RE 1 - H372	

Composition comments * The exact percentage withheld as a trade secret in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.1200.

4. First-aid measures

Description of first aid measures

General information	Get medical attention immediately. Show this Safety Data Sheet to the medical personnel.
Inhalation	Remove affected person from source of contamination. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie or belt. When breathing is difficult, properly trained personnel may assist affected person by administering oxygen. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place.

Ingestion	Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Remove any dentures. Give a few small glasses of water or milk to drink. Stop if the affected person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless under the direction of medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie or belt.
Skin contact	Rinse with water.
Eye contact	Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide apart. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes.
Protection of first aiders	First aid personnel should wear appropriate protective equipment during any rescue. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it from the affected person, or wear gloves. It may be dangerous for first aid personnel to carry out mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.
Most important symptoms and	l effects, both acute and delayed
General information	See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure.
Inhalation	Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause the following adverse effects: May cause cancer.
Ingestion	May cause discomfort if swallowed. May cause stomach pain or vomiting. Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause the following adverse effects: May cause cancer.
Skin contact	Prolonged contact may cause dryness of the skin. Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause the following adverse effects: May cause cancer.
Eye contact	No specific symptoms known. May be slightly irritating to eyes.
Indication of any immediate m	edical attention and special treatment needed
Notes for the doctor	Treat symptomatically.
5. Fire-fighting measures	
Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	The product is not flammable. Extinguish with alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog. Use fire-extinguishing media suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.
Specific hazards arising from	the hazardous product
Specific hazards	None known.
Hazardous combustion products	Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Harmful gases or vapours.
A duine for firefichters	
Advice for firefighters	

Special protective equipment for firefighters	Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective clothing. Firefighter's clothing that provides a basic level of protection during chemical incidents is defined by the Canada Occupational Health and Safety Regulations, by provincial guidelines on occupational health and safety or by NFPA standards if applicable.
6. Accidental release measure	8
Personal precautions, protectiv	e equipment and emergency procedures
Personal precautions	No action shall be taken without appropriate training or involving any personal risk. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel away from the spillage. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Follow precautions for safe handling described in this safety data sheet. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage. Ensure procedures and training for emergency decontamination and disposal are in place. Do not touch or walk into spilled material.
Environmental precautions	
Environmental precautions	Avoid discharge into drains or watercourses or onto the ground. Avoid discharge to the aquatic environment. Large Spillages: Inform the relevant authorities if environmental pollution occurs (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and material for conta	ainment and cleaning up
Methods for cleaning up	Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Clear up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Approach the spillage from upwind. Collect spillage with a shovel and broom, or similar and reuse, if possible. Collect and place in suitable waste disposal containers and seal securely. Flush contaminated area with plenty of water. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage. Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the local Waste Disposal Authority.
Reference to other sections	
Reference to other sections	For personal protection, see Section 8. See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. See Section 12 for additional information on ecological hazards. For waste disposal, see Section 13.
7. Handling and storage	
Precautions for safe handling	
Usage precautions	Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. May cause cancer. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not handle broken packages without protective equipment. Do not reuse empty containers.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	Wash promptly if skin becomes contaminated. Take off contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Change work clothing daily before leaving workplace.
Conditions for safe storage, inc	cluding any incompatibilities
Storage precautions	Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10). Store in accordance with local regulations. Keep only in the original container. Keep container tightly closed, in a cool, well ventilated place. Keep containers upright. Protect containers from damage. Utilize retaining walls to prevent soil and water pollution in the event of spillage. The storage area floor should be leak-tight, jointless and not absorbent.
Storage class	Chemical storage.
Specific end use(s)	

Specific end use(s) The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.

8. Exposure controls/Personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic

Mineral oil, excluding metal working fluids (pure, highly and severely refined) ACGIH

Carbon graphite

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): ACGIH 2 mg/m³ respirable fraction

Carbon black

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): ACGIH 3 mg/m³ inhalable fraction A3

Crystalline silica

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): ACGIH 0.025 mg/m³ respirable fraction A2

ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists. A3 = Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to Humans. A2 = Suspected Human Carcinogen.

Exposure controls

Protective equipment





Appropriate engineering controls	Provide adequate ventilation. Personal, workplace environment or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls as the primary means to minimize worker exposure. Personal protective equipment should only be used if worker exposure cannot be controlled adequately by the engineering control measures. Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained. Ensure operatives are trained to minimize exposure.
Eye/face protection	Eyewear complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates eye contact is possible. Personal protective equipment for eye and face protection should comply with the Canadian regulation on health and safety at work, SOR/86-304, Part XII (12.6), and any relevant provincial regulation relating to health and safety at work. Unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection is required, the following protection should be worn: Tight-fitting safety glasses.
Hand protection	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contact is possible. The most suitable glove should be chosen in consultation with the glove supplier/manufacturer, who can provide information about the breakthrough time of the glove material. To protect hands from chemicals, gloves should comply with the Canadian regulation on health and safety at work, SOR/86-304, Part XII (12.9), and any relevant provincial regulation relating to health and safety at work. Considering the data specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are retaining their protective properties and change them as soon as any deterioration is detected. Frequent changes are recommended.
Other skin and body protection	Appropriate footwear and additional protective clothing complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contamination is possible.

Hygiene measures	Provide eyewash station and safety shower. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Clean equipment and the work area every day. Good personal hygiene procedures should be implemented. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Preventive industrial medical examinations should be carried out. Warn cleaning personnel of any hazardous properties of the product.
Respiratory protection	Respiratory protection complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates inhalation of contaminants is possible. Ensure all respiratory protective equipment is suitable for its intended use and is NIOSH approved. Check that the respirator fits tightly and the filter is changed regularly. Gas and combination filter cartridges should comply with the Canadian regulation on health and safety at work, SOR/86-304, Part XII (12.7), and any relevant provincial regulation relating to health and safety at work. Full face mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges should comply with the Canadian regulation on health and safety at work. Full face mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges should comply with the Canadian regulation on health and safety at work. SOR/86-304, Part XII (12.7), and any relevant provincial regulation relating to health and safety at work. Half mask and quarter mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges should comply with the Canadian regulation safety at work, SOR/86-304, Part XII (12.7), and any relevant provincial regulation relating to health and safety at work. Half mask and quarter mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges should comply with the Canadian regulation on health and safety at work, SOR/86-304, Part XII (12.7), and any relevant provincial regulation on health and safety at work. SOR/86-304, Part XII (12.7), and any relevant provincial regulation on health and safety at work.
Environmental exposure controls	Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Information on basic physical a	and chemical properties
Appearance	Solid.
Colour	Black.
Odour	Mild.
Odour threshold	Not available.
рН	Not available.
Melting point	Not available.
Initial boiling point and range	>288°C (>550.4°F)
Flash point	> 202°C/396°F Cleveland open cup.
Evaporation rate	< 0.01 (butyl acetate = 1)
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	Not available.
Vapour pressure	<0.0013 kPa @ 25°C
Vapour density	> 5
Relative density	0.98
Solubility(ies)	Insoluble in water.
Partition coefficient	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	Not available.
Decomposition Temperature	Not available.
Viscosity	Not available.

Explosive properties	Not applicable.
Oxidising properties	Not available.
Other information	None.
10. Stability and reactivity	
Reactivity	See the other subsections of this section for further details.
Stability	Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended. Stable under the prescribed storage conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	No potentially hazardous reactions known.
Conditions to avoid	There are no known conditions that are likely to result in a hazardous situation.
Materials to avoid	No specific material or group of materials is likely to react with the product to produce a hazardous situation.
Hazardous decomposition products	Does not decompose when used and stored as recommended. Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Harmful gases or vapours.
11. Toxicological information	
Information on toxicological ef	fects
Acute toxicity - oral	
Notes (oral LD₅₀)	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
ATE oral (mg/kg)	15,384.62
<u>Acute toxicity</u> - dermal Notes (dermal LD₅₀)	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Acute toxicity - inhalation	Read on available data the classification exiteria are not mot
Notes (inhalation LC ₅₀)	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
ATE inhalation (vapours mg/l)	338.46
Skin corrosion/irritation Animal data	
	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Serious eye damage/irritation Serious eye damage/irritation	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Serious eye damage/irritation	
Serious eye damage/irritation Serious eye damage/irritation Respiratory sensitization	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Serious eye damage/irritation Serious eye damage/irritation Respiratory sensitization Respiratory sensitization Skin sensitization	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Serious eye damage/irritation Serious eye damage/irritation Respiratory sensitization Respiratory sensitization Skin sensitization Skin sensitization Germ cell mutagenicity	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity	
Reproductive toxicity - fertility	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Reproductive toxicity -	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
development	
Specific target organ toxicity -	
STOT - single exposure	Not classified as a specific target organ toxicant after a single exposure.
Specific target organ toxicity -	
STOT - repeated exposure	Not classified as a specific target organ toxicant after repeated exposure.
Aspiration hazard	
Aspiration hazard	Not relevant. Solid.
General information	May cause cancer after repeated exposure. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure. The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure.
Inhalation	No specific symptoms known.
Ingestion	May cause discomfort if swallowed. May cause stomach pain or vomiting.
Skin contact	Prolonged contact may cause dryness of the skin.
Eye contact	No specific symptoms known.
Route of exposure	Ingestion Inhalation Skin and/or eye contact
Target organs	No specific target organs known.
12. Ecological information	
Ecotoxicity	Not regarded as dangerous for the environment. However, large or frequent spills may have hazardous effects on the environment.
Toxicity	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Persistence and degradability	
Persistence and degradability	The degradability of the product is not known.
Bioaccumulative potential	
Bioaccumulative potential	No data available on bioaccumulation.
Partition coefficient	Not available.
Mobility in soil	
Mobility	No data available.
Other adverse effects	
Other adverse effects	None known.
13. Disposal considerations	
Waste treatment methods	

Disposal methods Do not empty into drains. Dispose of surplus products and those that cannot be recycled werk licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste, residues, empty containers, discarded work clothes and contaminated cleaning materials should be collected in designated containers labeled with their contents. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recyclin not feasible.
14. Transport information
General The product is not covered by international regulations on the transport of dangerous goo (IMDG, IATA, TDG).
UN number
UN No. (International) Not applicable.
UN proper shipping name
Proper shipping name Not applicable. (International)
Transport hazard class(es)
Transport LabelsNo transport warning sign required.(International)
Transport labels No transport warning sign required.
DOT transport label
Packing group
Packing group (International) Not applicable.
Environmental hazards
Environmentally hazardous substance/marine pollutant No.
Special precautions for user
Not applicable.
DOT TIH Zone Not applicable.
Transport in bulk according to Not applicable. Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code
15. Regulatory information

Inventories

Canada - DSL/NDSL

The following ingredients are listed or exempt: Residual oils (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic Polybutene Carbon graphite Crystalline silica 1-Octene, polymer with ethene Quarternary ammonium compounds, bis(hydrogenated tallow alkyl)dimethyl, salts with bentonite Antimony tris[O,O-dipropyl] tris(dithiophosphate) Carbon black 5,5'-dithiodi-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2(3H)-thione Amines, C11-14 branched alkyl monohexyl and dihexyl phosphates propylene carbonate

16. Other information

Classification abbreviations and acronyms	Carc. = Carcinogenicity
Training advice	Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Only trained personnel should use this material.
Revision comments	Revised classification.
Revision date	2017-06-08
Revision	2.0
Supersedes date	2015-03-10
SDS number	4936
Hazard statements in full	H350 May cause cancer. H351 Suspected of causing cancer. H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

End of SDS

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty, guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.